



For the Proprietor of
HONGKONG TELEGRAPH,
For and on behalf of
SOUTH CHINA MORNING POST LTD.

H. Frankel
for W. F. Gordan

The Hongkong Telegraph.

Today's Weather: Light SE winds. Partly cloudy with a few brief showers.
Noon Observations: Barometric pressure, 1004.8 mb; 29.66 in. Temperature, 83 deg. F. Dew point, 77 deg. F. Relative humidity, 84%. Wind direction, E by S. Wind force, 11 knots.
High water: 5 ft. 7 in. at 3:33 p.m.; Low water: 1 ft. 8 in. at 10:46 p.m.

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VOL. V NO. 147

FRIDAY, JUNE 23, 1950.

Price 20 Cents

ATLANTIC HIGH COMMAND APPOINTMENTS BY BRITAIN AND AMERICA

London, June 22.
Sir Frederick Robert Hoyer-Millar, 50-year-old Minister in Washington, will represent Britain on the North Atlantic member group to co-ordinate the plans of the 12-member nations, it was officially announced here today.

Priest's Right To Sit In Parliament

London, June 22.
The Judicial Committee of the Privy Council is to be asked whether a Church of Ireland priest, the Reverend Godfrey McManaway, a Unionist (Conservative) Member of Parliament for West Belfast, is eligible to sit in the House of Commons in London.

Accepting Mr Winston Churchill's advice, Mr McManaway took the risk of being fined £500 a day—the penalty if he was not eligible—and took his seat.

Today Mr Herbert Morrison, the Deputy Prime Minister, suggested asking the Privy Council's opinion before the matter was debated—a half day has been tentatively fixed for a debate next Wednesday and Mr Churchill, for the Opposition, agreed.

Mr McManaway's eligibility to sit in the House of Commons is questioned because of an Act of 1801 disqualifying Irish clergymen from being Members of the Westminster Parliament.

The question is how the Act provisions are affected by the split of the Irish Church from the English in 1809. The churches had split a year before the passing of the controversial Act.

A small Parliamentary Committee set up to inquire into his eligibility failed to reach a decision and urged legislation to put the matter right.—Reuter

General Smuts

Pretoria, June 22.
General Jan Smuts, who is seriously ill at his farm near here, maintained his condition today, a medical bulletin announced. He was more comfortable, there was less coughing and his temperature was lower, the bulletin said.—Reuter.

EDITORIAL

The Shanghai Sinkings

THE high hopes raised in business and shipping circles by the prospective restoration of free communication by steamer between Hongkong and Shanghai have, of course, been dampened by the sinking of the Panamanian vessels Valve and Santos. For the time being, at least, the experimental services operated by responsible local firms are likely to be suspended, with regret because completed trips achieved success well up to expectations. As Mr Landale said, at the annual meeting of the Indo-China Steam Navigation Company, it is the duty of reputable companies to avoid taking unnecessary risks to life and property. Much will depend perhaps on the results of the investigations into the loss of the Valve and Santos which will be carried out, presumably, by the port authorities in Shanghai. It seems curious to the layman that two very much larger vessels, the Tsinan and the Mawang, should have been able to travel in Woosung waters twice in and twice out without hindrance or apprehension of any danger, while two shallow-draft ships like the Valve and Santos should be destroyed by floating mines. There may be reasons to account satisfactorily for the accident of chance, and on the other hand, there may be a different explanation for the disasters, as for instance sabotage. Judging from the time of arrival back in Hongkong of the Mawang and Tsinan there was no great lapse of time between their run down the Whampoa and the attempt of the Valve and Santos to proceed in the other direction. The suspicion that there might have been foul play has naturally nothing factual to back it up, but in all the circumstances the query arises. In the meantime, Shanghai falls into line with

Ten-Year-Old Bears A Son

Omaha, June 22.
A 10-year-old girl gave birth to a normal son in a hospital here, the Omaha World Herald reported today. Doctors said the girl was "doing nicely" and declined to reveal her name or the name of the hospital where the baby was born yesterday.

The mother was believed the youngest ever to give birth to a child in Nebraska. Physicians said the birth was "completely normal." The baby weighed six pounds eight ounces.—United Press.

Sabotage In Submarine Suspected

London, June 22.
The Admiralty tonight stated that there was a "case of suspected sabotage" in the submarine Tally Ho, now undergoing a refit at Devonport Dockyard.

The long delay in the appointment of the American deputy had caused some impatience in the North Atlantic diplomatic circles as it has not been possible for the Executive Committee to meet until the American deputy had been appointed.—Reuter.

Out-Ripleying Ripley

Johannesburg, June 22.
A woman with a double womb, who gave birth to a boy in a Johannesburg nursing home last week, is awaiting in the home for the birth of a second child—which is expected before the end of the month. The first baby was carefully examined to determine if it was stillborn and it is hoped that a similar examination of the second will show whether the children are twins or the result of separate conceptions.—Reuter.

It was understood that sand had been found in a vital part of the vessel.

The Tally Ho is a 1,575-ton patrol-type submarine of the same class as the Truculent, sunk in the Thames Estuary after being in a collision with the Swedish vessel Divina, earlier this year.

In 1945, the Tally Ho completed a 61,000-mile patrol in the Pacific, where she sank 21 Japanese ships, including a submarine, a submarine chaser and a cruiser.

This is the fourth case of suspected sabotage in a Royal Navy ship in the past 18 months.—Reuter.

Lord Baldwin Home



Earl Baldwin, retiring Governor of the Leeward Islands, pictured on his arrival at Paddington. His health not the stormy attacks on his governorship resulted in his resignation. (Central Press)

Catholic Bishops Surrender To Hungarian Reds

Budapest, June 22.
Roman-Catholic bishops in Hungary have surrendered to the Communist government, and the regime today reported that it was ready to make peace with the Church.

Informed sources said the Government almost certainly will demand that the bishops take an oath of allegiance to the new Hungarian Constitution.

The heads of other denominations have already taken such an oath, but the Roman-Catholic bishops rejected it.

BOMBAY DOCKERS TO STRIKE

Bombay, June 22.
Today 6,000 Bombay dock workers decided to strike from tomorrow.

The decision was taken at a meeting of their union.

The union called upon workers to strike following the breakdown yesterday of negotiations between the Stevedores' Association and the union on the employment of 3,000 workers "shut out" of the docks by the Association.

A "slow down" strike of 3,000 dockers began on June 6 for a bonus equivalent to two months' pay. The stevedores retaliated by denying them admission to docks.

While the decision, which is

expected to paralyse loading and unloading in Bombay port was being taken by the workers, armed police took up positions along Bombay's four-mile waterfront.

The whole waterfront is dotted with tents to protect the police from pouring rain during their night vigil.—Reuter.

The Government announced on Wednesday that the Bench of Bishops the highest Church authority in predominantly Catholic Hungary, had agreed to negotiate with the Government toward ending the struggle. The dispute was highlighted by the trial and imprisonment of Joseph Cardinal Mindszenty, Primate of Hungary, and the nationalisation of Church schools.

The announcement said the Government received a request for a Government-Church conference on "questions concerning the Church" from Archbishop Joseph Groesz of Kolachka on behalf of all bishops.

The bishops apparently gave in under the intensified government campaign of the last few weeks. Monks and nuns were ordered out of monasteries and cloisters on short notice, and they were obliged to leave behind precious libraries, furnishings and other Church effects.

The Government denied reports that monks and nuns were sent to internment camps. Its pronouncement said members of religious orders were transferred to other religious centres such as the 186-room palace of Bishop Joseph Peteri at Vac, Pannónia and other towns where the populations are overwhelmingly Catholic, are also housing the transferred monks and nuns.—United Press.

Shanghai's Black Market In US\$

The black market in United States dollars in Shanghai has reappeared after an absence of nearly three months with quotations between 10 and 15 percent above the official rate, according to recent arrivals here from the north.

Reuters informants said that chemical products, metals and hardware, fibre and articles of daily use.

Simultaneously with the re-appearance of black market or else certain luxury goods such as motor cars, refrigerators and "key money" for apartments, have risen in price.

Although still comparatively low, second-hand cars are now fetching 100 percent more than a couple of months ago while flats, which were obtainable for US\$200 last March, are now available between US\$3500 and US\$4700.

But the price upsurge in these has not affected the cost of essential commodities, which remain stable, said these in-

formants.—Reuter.

Attlee Demands Vote Of Confidence In Schuman Plan Battle

London, June 22.
The Government tonight asked the House of Commons to approve its handling of the French invitation to join the European talks on the pooling of the coal and steel industries.

It challenged a Conservative-Liberal motion calling for Britain's participation in the Paris talks on the Schuman Plan with an amendment.

This asks Parliament to approve the declared readiness of the British Government to take a constructive part in the conversations, "with the hope that they may be able to join in, or associate themselves with, this common effort."

The amendment, which amounts to a demand for a vote of confidence in the Government's attitude, will make the resolution read that the House,

"Welcomes the initiative of the French Foreign Minister on May 9 and, while recognising that it was not possible for the British Government to take part in the international conference on the proposals on which it committed them in advance of such consideration to pool the production of coal and steel, and to institute a new high authority whose decisions would bind the governments concerned."

"Applies the declared readiness of the British Government to take a constructive part in the conversations with the hope that they may be able to join in, or associate themselves with, this common effort."

The amendment is in the names of the Prime Minister, Mr Clement Attlee, the Deputy Prime Minister, Mr Herbert Morrison, the Foreign Secretary, Mr Ernest Bevin, the Chancellor of the Exchequer, Sir Stafford Cripps, the Fuel and Power Minister, M. P. J. Noel-Baker, and Mr George Strauss.

It will be moved in Parliament on Monday by Sir Stafford Cripps who will be the first to speak on the Schuman Plan with an amendment.

The information was passed from M. Harry Alphand, the head of the Economic Department of the French Foreign Office, to the British Minister in Paris, Mr W. G. Hayter, and to M. René Robin, member of the British delegation to the Organisation for European Economic Co-operation.

The heads of the six national delegations to the conference now in its third day—were expected to state their views to-day on the pooling Plan outlined by its author, M. Jean Monnet, in a two-hour speech at the Foreign Office yesterday.

After hearing their statements,

the French will submit a revised draft of the working documents of the scheme as a basis for further talks.

A Foreign Office spokesman said that the French draft would include the organisation of a supra-national authority under which the pooling scheme for international coal and steel production among the six nations would operate.—Reuter.

SABOTAGE THREATS

Berlin, June 22.
Communist chemical workers in France and Germany were told tonight to hinder production in their respective plants as the first step in the French and East German trade unions' programme for sabotaging the Schuman Plan.

The step was announced by Plan, which would integrate smaller industries of the West European nations.

Today's announcement also charged that poison gases and rocket fuel were being manufactured in Western Germany and demanded that the Allied High Commissions halt this production.—United Press.

LONDON TAXI STRIKE

London, June 22.
The Labour Minister, Mr George Isaacs, tonight intervened in the taxi dispute which has kept half London's 6,750 cabs off the streets for the past three weeks.

He announced that he had invited the striking drivers and taxi owners to meet Ministry officials tomorrow morning for talks on the drivers' demand for increased commissions.—Reuter.

Skin deep

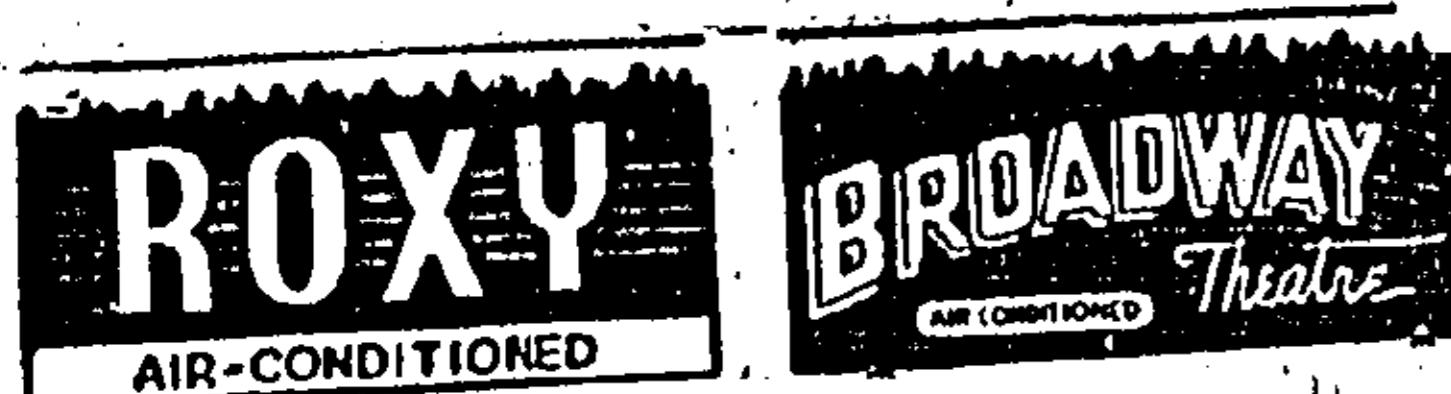
Take an ordinary, comfort-loving man, with his pipe of peace and his carpet slippers. Remark his gentleness and inoffensive ways; note his avoidance of unnecessary effort.

Then give him a stick or a racket or bat, confront him with an inoffensive ball—and watch him whack it savagely with wild inhuman cries. Put him on a rugger-field with twenty-nine other man-eaters, and watch him cram ten man-hours into one and battle with the best of them.

But see him after the match, slaking a worthy thirst with that long cool drink of Rose's Lime Juice, and watch how civilisation descends on him as the level of his glass grows lower.

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Screen Play by Herman Wouk and Edward Murphy · From a Story by Herman Wouk

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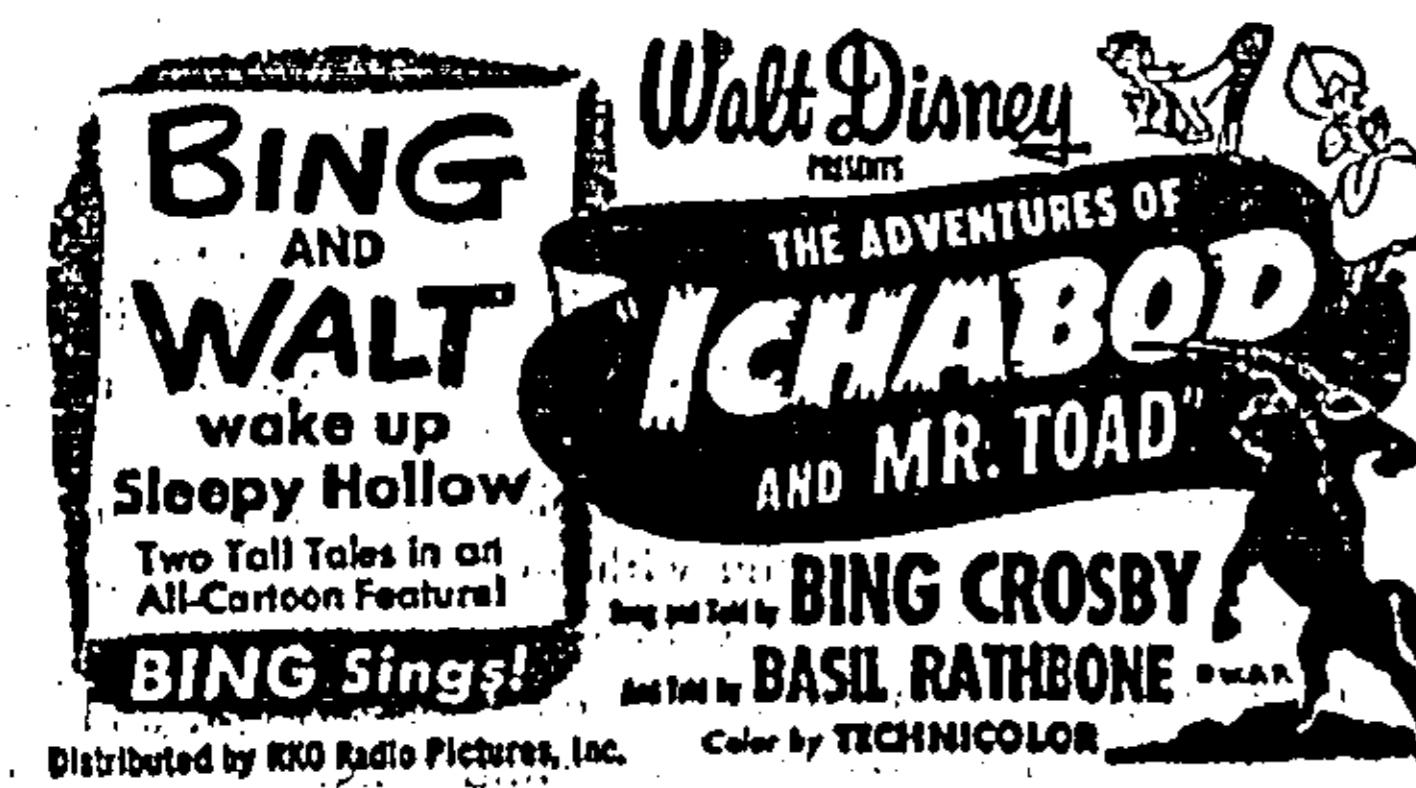
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ALSO LATEST UNIVERSAL-INTERNATIONAL NEWSREEL

How to give the newborn baby a good start in life

By HERMAN N. BUNDESEN, M.D.

FOR many years I have stressed the importance of breast feeding the baby. Merely by nursing her child, the mother is able to protect him against many of the dangers of illness and death encountered during babyhood. Today, no real authority doubts that the breast-fed baby is the best-fed baby in most cases, yet, despite all this, fewer and fewer babies are breast-fed.

It has been stated that practically every woman can breast feed her baby if she is willing to do so. The truth of this claim is borne out by a recent study of 100 mothers, 90 percent of whom were breast feeding at three months, and 80 percent of whom were able to continue the process until their babies were six months old.

Proper Supervision

This is not to say that no difficulties are encountered in breast feeding, but only that they can be overcome in nearly all instances by proper supervision. The mothers in the study I spoke of earlier had the advantage of special help and guidance when difficulties arose.

The supply of breast milk does not always come automatically. In 1,600 mothers who were observed during their stay in the hospital following childbirth, it was found that, during the first few days, one out of five had difficulties requiring help. In some cases, the treatment of these difficulties must begin during pregnancy. One of these conditions is inversion of the nipples.

Now and then the filling up of the breast may be so great that the breasts are said to be engorged. In these instances, even hand expression is painful. It is suggested that this condition may be helped by giving a drug known as stilbestrol, which cuts down the milk supply to some extent.

Attention to these simple matters will do much to increase the number of babies which may be successfully breast fed.

Without Pain

When the milk first comes in to the breast, about the third day, the breast may become too full and hence, painful. At the first sign of such a condition, the breast should be emptied completely at feeding time by hand expression. In some cases, the milk may be expressed each time before the baby is put to the breast so as to allow the baby to nurse without causing pain to the mother.

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Walking Helps Your Figure



Film Star Cathy O'Donnell pauses after a good brisk walk. She knows "purposeful" walking helps the figure.

By HELEN FOLLETT

THE chief charm of the feminine shape lies in its suppleness and slimness and this cannot be acquired without a certain amount of daily exercise and constant regard for posture. Unyielding, awkward or angular figures are unattractive and require remodeling just as much as heavyweight frames do.

Everyone should do a certain amount of purposeful walking every day. By "purposeful" teacher means that the stride should be easy and natural; chest held high, tummy held in, arms swinging easily. Sauntering is time wasted, as far as health is concerned. The step should be brisk, breathing deep. Walking correctly is normalizing, beneficial to skinny and plump people alike.

Good Posture

Without good posture no movie starlet would ever have made the grade, nor would those pretties who model for fashion shows have had a chance at a job.

Teachers of physical education claim, and justify, that ill health, lack of beauty and attractiveness are often due to bad habits of standing, walking and sitting. In a slouchy manner.

Posture defects can become established and an ungainly silhouette may never be restored to youthful lines.

Let us list some of the ill effects of poor slance: rounded shoulders and cramped lungs; improper and imperfect breathing, causing poor aeration of the blood with its consequences; digestive trouble due to lack of oxygen. The forward and downward droop of the head will result in soft, broken-down tissues of the neck and throat.

Pull up your backbone; take the kinks out of it. Tuck in your



The Irish girl from America, film actress Coleen Gray.
(London Express Service)

Household Hint

Wax or soap should stop the squeak of a bureau or kitchen drawers. When you soap or wax the drawer, be sure also to do the same to the drawer slide.

WOMANSENSE

TWO FAVOURITE FABRICS

By Prunella Wood



S.C.

Marieette Harris

SHEER, the most popular fabric of the season, is used here in this cool and beautiful frock (picture at left) for almost any late day excursion, anywhere but the North Pole. This sheer black frock with a fan pleated skirt is made of the wonder fabric nylon, which keeps its pleats jealously in hand.

The bodice with its sawtooth edge band which serves as shoulder capes too, is made of extremely sheer black-on-black plaid fabric, the pattern cut on the bias for a clinging fit. The plaid fabric is mounted over a black taffeta slip, a fabric used also for the tailored belt.

A NOTHER very popular fabric, pique, is used in the second frock at right. Something new and pretty for summer twilight and glamour is this white birdseye pique frock, with black lace applique striping it circular skirt, from waist to hem.

The lace, too, is used to accent the turned back cuffs of the twotone bodice; curved jet black buttons and a black patent leather belt complete this worldly notion of simplicity, for late-day dining at home, using their own initials.

"What a clever service!" exclaimed the Chef, as a waifer set the main course plates on the table. "A slice of fine roast beef on one side of the plate, and on the other Duchesse potato put on with a pastry tube and shaped like the letter 'B'—for Bermuda, of course. The potatoes are filled with cut green beans and grilled tomato. For a conversation piece our readers could do this at home, using

the following menu is based on the dinner we enjoyed at the St George Hotel in Bermuda.

Dinner

Quick Chopped Onion Soup
Salmon Noodle Ring
Green Beans
Roast Beef or Lamb
Brown Gravy
Duchesse Potato Peas
Bermuda Salad Molt
Banana Ice Cream Raisin Cake
Coffee, Tea or Milk

Bermuda Salad

Arrange individually. On each salad plate put a bed of crisp lettuce. Cover with fine shredded raw carrot, then top with this slice of raw Bermuda onion. On this put a thick slice of tomato slightly hollowed, the edge cut sawtooth style. Fill with peas. Serve with French dressing.

Banana Ice Cream

Set the refrigerator control at the coldest point. Mix 2 3/4 c. sweetened condensed milk, 1 c. water and 3 c. mashed ripe banana. Add 1/4 c. vanilla and 1 c. undiluted evaporated milk, then whip until thick. Fold into the banana mixture. Pour into the freezing tray; cover with foil or waxed paper; freeze an hour or to a firm mush.

Break up with a fork; turn into a chilled bowl, then beat with an egg beater until fluffy. Return to the tray; cover with waxed paper and freeze firm, about 1 hour.

"Almost every family in Bermuda, both white and coloured, owns their own home. Bermudians are happy, generally in good health, do their fair share of work, and know how to enjoy leisure. There is almost no child delinquency, and there are no slums. There's no industrial

manufacturing, so we have our sunshine undiluted with smoke or smog. Taxes are small and they help support the churches and district nurses."

Trick of the Chef

For interesting flavor, boil green beans in water containing 2 bouillon cubes.

Let's Eat

BY IDA BAILEY ALLEN

Clever Conversation Piece

"Sounds perfect. How about the social life?" "It's mostly in the homes, and then usually buffet luncheons or dinners, or cocktail parties. Much of the cooking is done by the homemakers, but some families employ coloured cooks. Some of them have had special scientific training in cooking. Would you like to see the kitchen?"

It was pretty and efficient, with imported bottled gas as the fuel for the range.

"What are we going to have tomorrow for dinner? Let's see."

Dinner

Clear Soup
Roast Beef or Lamb
Brown Gravy
Duchesse Potato Peas
Bermuda Salad Molt
Banana Ice Cream Raisin Cake
Coffee, Tea or Milk

All Measurements Are Level
Recipes Serve Four

Salmon Noodle Ring

Bowl 1 1/2 c. pkg. noodles in salted water 15 min., or until tender. Separate 3 eggs; beat the whites stiff, the yolks light. Add 1 c. milk, 1/2 c. grated American cheese, and the contents of 1 (14 oz.) tin salmon, deboned skin removed, and flaked. Stir in 1/2 tsp. salt and 1/4 tsp. pepper. Drain the noodles and chop fine. Fold into the 3 beaten egg whites. Turn into a qt. sized buttered or margarine ring mould. Place in a pan; surround with boiling water and bake 30 min. at 375 F. Unmould on a platter. Fill with buttered green beans or peas. Garnish with hard-cooked egg and parsley.

Orange Souffle

Mix together 5 tbsp. flour and 1 c. sugar. Mix in 3 tbsp. butter or margarine with a knife. Add the grated rind 1 small orange. Separate 3 eggs; beat the whites stiff and the yolks creamy. Add the yolks and 1/3 c. orange juice to the first mixture; and beat thoroughly. Add 1 c. milk. Fold in the beaten egg whites. Spoon in the souffle mixture. Set in a pan, surround with boiling water and bake 1 hr. at 350 F. Serve warm or cold.

For interesting flavor, boil green beans in water containing 2 bouillon cubes.

Trick of the Chef

For interesting flavor, boil green beans in water containing 2 bouillon cubes.

Ship may be restaurant for Festival



And this was Bounty No. 1, reborn for the Captain BRIGHT film.

THE three-masted barque Bounty, once in the emigrant trade to Australia, may be used as a floating restaurant in the Tattersalls for the 1951 Festival of Britain, it was announced today.

Three-quarters of a century ago the 130ft. mainmast of the 800-ton iron-built Astor, out of Sunderland, held a brave spread of canvas to the trade winds.

The three-masted vessel, 280ft. length and 30ft. beam, went to the Trades for years as an emigrant ship.

Now she is a be-flagged show ship at Ramsgate. And her name today, the Bounty.

The plan is for the old ship to be brought up the river and lie just off the south bank by Battersea Park.

(London Express Service)

750 OUT OVER ME? I'LL QUIT THE UNION

ALFRED BLACKETT still was charge hand on that lock-gate job at noon one day this month, even if none of the four painters would take orders from him.

So the ship-painters' committee of the National Society of Painters did what it had threatened to do.

It ordered 750 men at work on liners, and other ships between Tilbury and Teddington to stop work.

For 42-year-old ex-Serviceman Blackett, partly disabled, also had a plan.

Home in Farringford-road, West Ham, he said: If these men strike I will resign my job within an hour. I'll leave the union, too, and the contractors."

Mr Blackett pushed a hand through tawed hair and said: "Get out of the way; that's what I'll do. Best for my mates and Harland and Wolff—they put me on the job—and the whole country."

His Principle

"I'm doing it for a principle. The union officials say this gate from the West India Dock Flotilla and I shouldn't have got the charge-hand job for its over-haul."

"It should go to someone on the out-of-work list in their ship section, they say, and 67 chaps were ahead of me there."

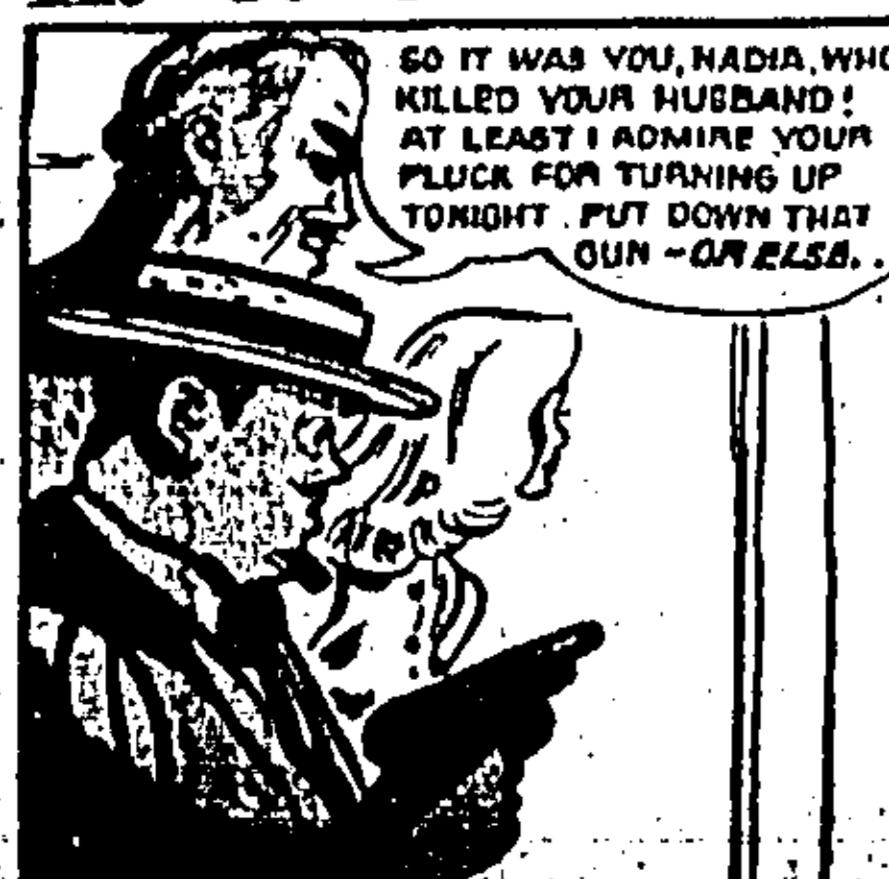
"But I believe a firm should be able to put anyone in charge of the work, instead of going according to the rota."

"All this," said Mr Blackett, "means I can't get a job as painter except with a non-union firm—and I've always been a trade unionist."

"But there's only my wife and myself to consider. We'll get along somehow."

Mr A Silverstein, the union's ship-section organiser, said: "An important principle has been defied by the firm and Brother Blackett."

K. O. CANNON



TRYGVE LIE STUMPED THEM

Trygve Lie, Secretary General of the United Nations, is, according to the answer of one man in a Sydney newspaper quiz, "one of those lying machines they have in America—the things that make a criminal tell the truth."

The quiz, conducted by the Sydney Sunday Sun, disclosed that the Norwegian diplomat is not widely known to addicts of sporting pages in Australia.

The newspaper asked these questions:

1. Who or what is Trygve Lie?
2. Where was he born?
3. What job does he hold?
4. Why is he in the news?

To a city council cleaner, Fred Williamson, the name looked like "one of those lying machines they have in America." When prompted, Williamson decided the name sounded French" and gave France as Lie's birthplace.

"He'd be in the news because he's a politician. They're the only ones who seem to get in the papers these days," he added.

COULD BE ANYTHING

A milk bar attendant, Leslie Lindsay, decided Trygve Lie "could be anything."

"You've just mixed the letters in someone's name," she said. "It could be a code."

Assured Lie was a person, Leslie added, "I don't know where he'd be born with a name like that. It could be Mexico, for all I know."

A Supreme Court attendant, William Martin, replied, "Isn't he an ambassador or the other side of the world who's going over to Russia to make a plan for peace?" He thought Lie was born in America and that his job is "peace negotiator working on behalf of the U.S. Government."

The Sun reporter finished up with a reporter, Betty Dutham. She told him Lie is "a continental football player. Born in France." "It doesn't matter much what sort of job he holds," she added. "He's known for his football."

Ban Has Strange Sequel

HERE is a remarkable sequel to the ban on reporters taking notes of marriage announcements in register offices in England. The ban was ordered by the Registrar-General, Dr George North.

The National Marriage Guidance Council are in the same position as the newspapers. They, too, are denied facilities for obtaining lists of forthcoming marriages.

Yet, the Marriage Council receives a Government subsidy of £5,000 a year from the Home Office. Purpose of the grant is to help couples in all kinds of marriage difficulties.

The Marriage Council believe that one way to deal with marriage troubles is to give printed advice to newlyweds.

TURNED DOWN

To do this work they must get advance notices of marriages. In many cases registrars are anxious to help. But superintendents say they must refer requests to the Registrar-General. He has refused such.

Mr Willink, former Minister of Health, is retiring president of the Marriage Guidance Council. He and Mr Hugh Lyon, chairman of the executive committee, have been unable to make any impression on the Registrar-General, or on his superiors—the Ministry of Health.

And so the Government give money to the council, yet deny them facilities.

WITH WHISPER IN THE SOUTH OF FRANCE



Blowing Its Top



This is an accidental truck-washing in Cincinnati and not another picture of Winnipeg. The geyser started when the truck rolled backwards and knocked the top off the fire plug. Things got wet, but Cincinnati was not evacuated. (Acme)

FARMER GAVE THEM BED AND BREAKFAST WHEN MONEY RAN OUT

Two Australian girls explore Britain by cycle

PEGGY Austin and Diana Learmonth, two 23-year-old Australian girls who arrived in Britain in April, saved for two years to make their trip possible.

They told me they intend to see as much of Britain as they can on the money they have brought with them.

As a start, a few weeks ago, they hired bicycles and "did the rounds" of Kent and Sussex.

Miss Austin said: "It was a wonderful trip. The scenes were beautiful."

"When we reached Battle, Sussex, we found that the cash we had taken with us had run out. We asked a farmer if we could spend the night in his barn."

"But he gave us dinner, his best room and a wonderful breakfast of eggs and bacon."

When we left home we were prepared for small meals. Food was very short in England we were told.

Miss Austin comes from a sheep station at Wangaratta, New South Wales, and

before she left home,

(London Express Service)

Construction Job



A window sill on the home of Mrs Nellie Klimek of Chicago, Ill., was chosen by this robin as a good place to set up housekeeping. But with summer coming on, Mrs Klimek is going to hate leaving that window closed. (Acme)

THESE MUSICIANS NO. 1

In come the pianists, out goes the band

Writs for breach of contract were issued last week to 16 members of the Empire Theatre orchestra at Newcastle who refused to play for the first performance of the musical play "Bless the Bride."

The touring company for "Bless the Bride" was in Bournemouth, where two pianists took the place of the municipal theatre orchestra which was on strike. The Newcastle musicians stopped work in protest against the use of non-union pianists.

Mr Dick Reed, regional supervisor for Moss' Empires Ltd., said: "These men have walked out on us without notice. Under a mutual agreement a fortnight's notice is due from either side to be issued on a Saturday."

"As this is Monday we intend claiming three weeks' money from them. We are also going to claim for any loss their action may have caused the show."

The show opened with two pianists on grand pianos, in place of the orchestra. One, Miss Clapham, was flown from Portsmouth.

Afterwards Mr Reed said: "The pianists have been such a success that I intend recommending that for the remainder of the summer season we should continue using two pianists in place of the orchestra."

Mr E. Miles, Northern Area organizer of the Musicians' Union, refused to take part in a B.B.C. Western Region broadcast one night last week on the Bournemouth strike. The B.B.C. would not give the union an undertaking that no one would speak unless the union had agreed that his point of view was "worth putting before the listeners."

The B.B.C. stated that the union objected, in particular, to Mr E. Green, conductor of the Bournemouth Band, who had been expelled from the union taking part in the broadcast.

Union officers were told that the question was one for editorial judgment and that Mr Green was equally entitled with the union to take his place in the programme.

It was the tenth day of the strike and there were signs of a settlement. It was learned in Bournemouth that the union had stopped the 39 members of the Vancouver Boys' Band and the George Mitchell Choir from appearing at the Winter Garden.

They are expected back in France early next week.

Tory women air their grousers on

BIRCHING, EWES AND MR WEBB

A resolution in favour of birching was passed by an overwhelming majority at the Conservative Central Women's Advisory Committee annual conference at the Central Hall, Westminster, recently. The conference was attended by 2,700 delegates.

They rejected out of hand the advice of a juvenile court magistrate and a member of the Home Office Committee on the treatment of offenders that they should keep an open mind until the Royal Commission on Capital Punishment had reported.

The resolution demanded that the law should be amended to enable judges and magistrates in their discretion to order birching on conviction of crimes involving premeditated violence, whether committed by adults or juveniles.

Moving it, Mrs K. Lovibond (Home Counties), who is chairman of the Uxbridge Juvenile Court, said they did not want a return to the days of Victorian repression, but were they not getting too much sentimentality on the subject of punishment?

Although crimes of violence might not be increasing in number they were getting more horrible. Only whipping was likely to act as a deterrent. (Cheers.)

LOCKED DOORS

Fear of cash

Mrs D. Plymen (Wimbledon and Morden) asked what sort of state the country had come to when women had to lock their front doors even in the daytime for fear of being attacked. The authorities flouted prisoners who committed acts of violence against prison officer, but not men who committed acts of violence against defenceless women.

There were emphatic shouts of "No" when Mrs Shell (West Wiltshire) asked: "Is it right to put offenders in these big country houses with no fences round them?" She knew of one such prison where a man escaped and brutally hurt three people, including a young girl.

An attempt to get the conference to allow the resolution to lie on the table caused uproar. It was made by Mrs T.A. Emmet (Amberley, Sussex), chairman of the Littlehampton and Arundel Juvenile Court.

"Don't be swayed by stories of brutality," she said. The remark was greeted by a storm of indignation protests. She added with difficulty that there was great danger that they would rush into a decision without sufficient knowledge and evidence.

HAS NO EFFECT

Stormy reception

Mrs Walter Elliot (for 7 years a member of Mr Justice Blackett's committee on the treatment of offenders) had an equally stormy reception when she supported Mrs Emmet.

"No," cried the delegates angrily as she suggested that birching would not have the slightest effect and that different types of training and punishment were necessary to deal with different types of behaviour.

Replying to the debate Mrs Lovibond said she saw the point of view of the opponents of the motion, but she was rather tired of waiting for reports of commissions. (Cheers.)

That Got His Goat



As a hungry goat popped his mouth into the popcorn little Joseph Lang was holding on the beach at Rockaway, New York, the youngster responded quickly with a howl of protest. "But the animal! Went on munching as if the popcorn were his. (Acme)

Bahrein Crashes

Paris, June 22.—A special Alitalia plane left today for Bahrein in the Persian Gulf, where two Supermariners tragically crashed last week to bring back to France the 15 survivors of the two planes who are still remaining there.

They are expected back in France early next week.

K. O. CANNON

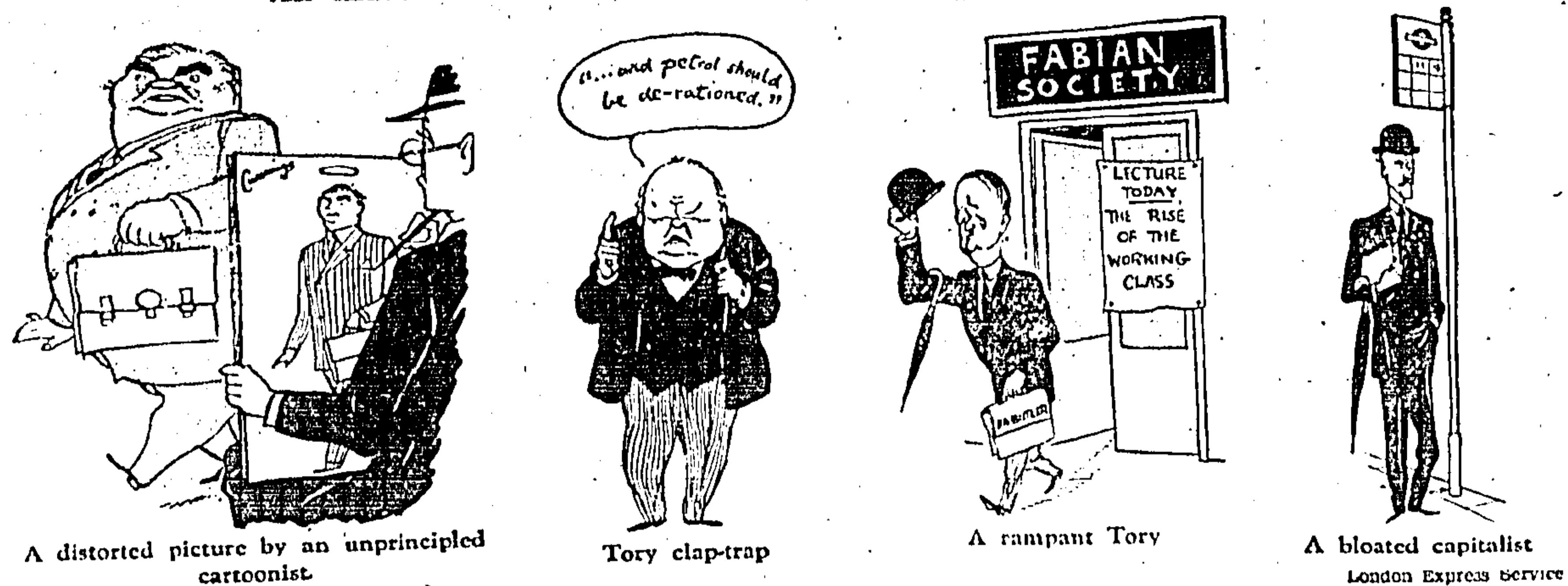


WITH WHISPER IN THE SOUTH OF FRANCE



PHRASEBOOK FOR SPEAKERS

An illustrated, left-wing dictionary... compiled by CUMMINGS



AMERICAN COLUMN

She just keeps on writing
BY NEWELL ROGERS

NEW YORK.

America's best-selling woman author is preparing to bring out her 60th book. She wrote it in longhand on yellow paper. And she rewrote it twice.

Mary Roberts Rinehart, aged 73, started writing to get her doctor husband out of debt. Her first story sold for £12. Her first book, "The Circular Staircase" (1908), brought £175 for serial rights. When she rewrote it as a play, called "The Bat," the show grossed over £3,200,000.

Her 59 books, printed in 13 languages, have sold over 50,000,000 copies, counting 1s, paper-cover reprints. And they have made her a dollar millionaire several times over.

A specialist in mysteries, she lived through a real-life thriller. Her cook tried to murder her first with a pistol, which would not go off, and then with three knives, which the chauffeur took from him. He hanged himself later in gaol.

Her new book is called "The Episode of the Wandering Knife."

THE ODDS against a diplomat in America's Department of State (Foreign Affairs Ministry) facing a potato crisis would seem to be a million to one.

Yet the department's German-Affairs Bureau has a potato crisis on its hands.

The problem: Are potatoes a dangerous war material unfit for shipment behind the Iron Curtain?

The U.S. Government buys all unsold potatoes to keep up the farmers' income. Today there is a vast surplus.

So the Government offers its potatoes for \$4d, a cwts. to anyone who will keep them out of the domestic market.

An exporter agreed to take 1,000,000 bushels for the Russian zone of Germany.

Said the State Department: "Why not? They are not a strategic item." Off to Germany they went.

Then from America's zone officials sent word that the Russians may be using potatoes to make alcohol for rocket fuel, instead of Germans' dinners.

Footnote. There is some diplomatic comfort in the thought that potatoes can also be used for making vodka.

A QUEUE of 250 people waited for Carnegie Hall's box-office to open. The ticket seller told me he gets queues only for singer Kirsten Flagstad and pianist Vladimir Horowitz. But this was a queue for Sadler's Wells ballet, due in September. The box-office expects to be sold out.

THE MAN who hopes to be Truman's first welfare or health Minister went to England to study the health and welfare of the British people.

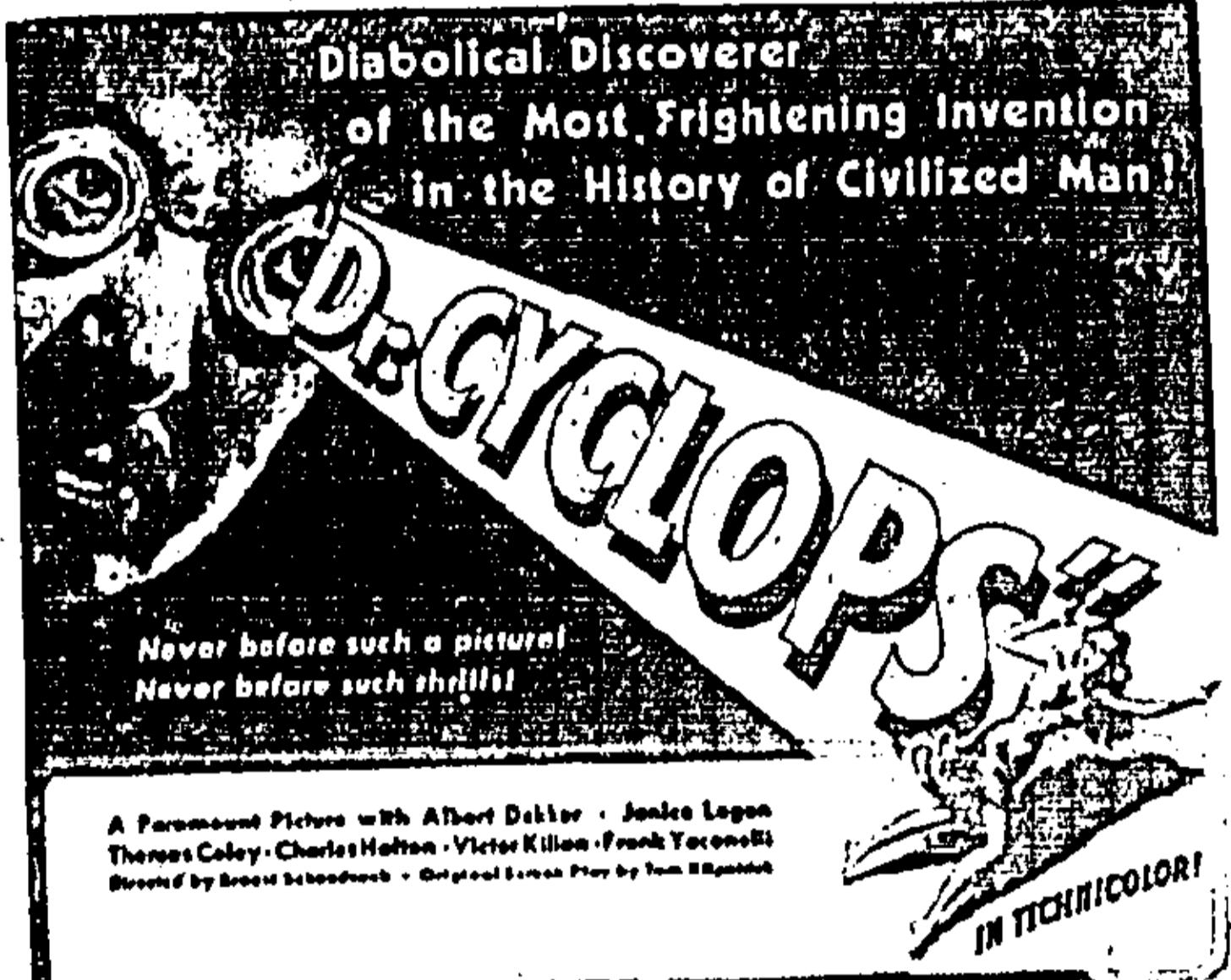
Oscar Ewing, at present U.S. security administrator, said Aneurin Bevan failed to convince him that the health standards of a nation can be improved only by Government ownership and operation of the hospitals. He came out strongly against socialised medicine. And the President, he indicated, supports him in this stand.

OUR DAYTIME SKIES are swarmed with advertisements written in smoke by planes. Now a California manufacturer is hard at work on luminous skywriting to hang advertisements for TV sets from the stars.

SUCCESS: Do you remember B. P. Schulberg, the out-of-work Hollywood producer who advertised for a job? Well, he has found one. He will produce a £100,000 film called "It Happens in Hollywood." And he will make it in New York.

Lee Theatre
AIR COOLED, DEHUMIDIFIED, OZONEIZED AND PURIFIED
TAKE ANY EAST BOUND TRAM OR ROUTE NO. 5 BUS
• SHOWING TO-DAY •
4 SHOWS AT 2.30, 5.15, 7.30 & 9.30 P.M.
CHARGED WITH EXCITEMENT AND BLAZING DRAMA!
I Shot Jesse James
With PRESTON FOSTER - BARBARA BRITTON
JOHN IRVING - REED HADLEY J. EDWARD BROMBERG - VICTOR KILIAN
ALSO LATEST PARAMOUNT & GAUMONT
BRITISH NEWSREELS.

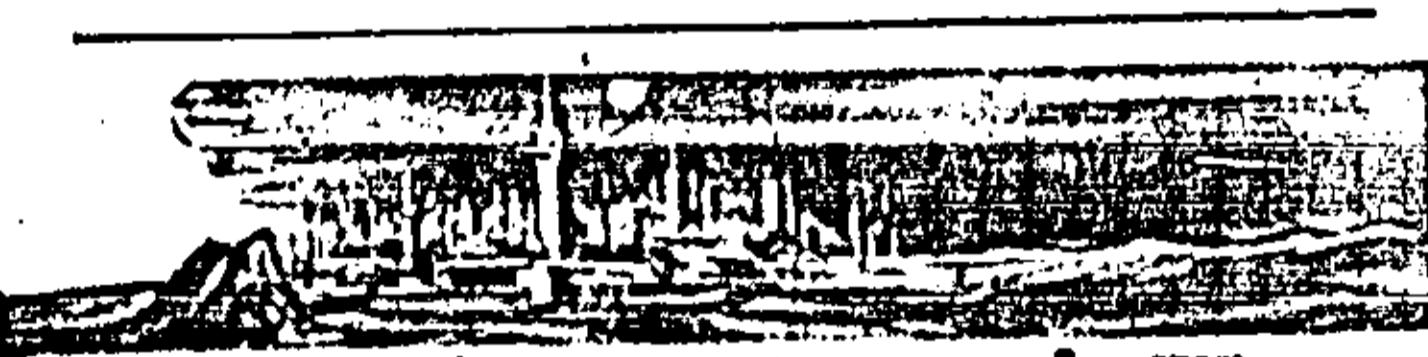
TO-MORROW



BOOKINGS NOW OPEN!

SHOWING: **MAJESTIC** AT 2.30, 5.20,
TO-DAY 7.20 & 9.30 P.M.

SUNDAY EXTRA SHOW AT 12.00 NOON



Montez - Aumont - Okeefe
in Seymour Nebenzal's
SIREN OF ATLANTIS



Directed by ARTHUR RIPLEY. Produced by SEYMOUR NEBENZAL.

Based on the novel "Atlantis" by Pierre Benoit. Released thru United Artists.

ORIENTAL AIR CONDITIONED
Take Any Eastern Tram Car or Happy Valley Bus
HELD OVER FOR ANOTHER BY SPECIAL REQUEST

TO-DAY ONLY: 2.30-5.30-7.30 & 9.30 P.M.

A CHINESE PICTURE IN MANDARIN DIALOGUE!

The Great Wall Film Production Company Presents

"THE FLOWER STREET"— Commencing To-morrow —
"CALAMITY JANE & SAM BASS"TO-DAY ONLY **Cathay** At 2.30, 5.30,
7.30 & 9.30 P.M.

THE FAMOUS CIRCUS SHOW ON THE WORLD!

'The Hagenback's Circus Show'
NARRATION IN MANDARIN

TO-MORROW **"MICHURIN"** In Glorious Color
An U.S.S.R. Picture

BRITAIN'S SCOUTS AND GUIDES MAKE PROGRESS

By PAUL NUGAT

OF all the youth organisations in Britain, whose growth has been handicapped in these post-war years by inadequate premises, equipment, and staffing, the Boy Scout and Girl Guide movement has suffered the least.

The figures for 1949 showed that scouting in the United Kingdom has not only recovered from the decrease in membership due to the calls of war service, but has reached a record peak membership with 473,216 scouts. The Girl Guide Association of Britain is numerically as strong as the Boy Scouts, and the figure of almost half a million members is equivalent to 20 percent of the world total of Girl Guides and Girl Scouts.

There is an explanation for this: it is to be found in the fundamental policy of the movement of making its members independent and resourceful by playing a game—scouting or guiding.

Three Elements

NOW scouting takes care of the three indispensable elements of the boy's world—fun, fighting, and feeding! If one indulges these elements more easily outdoors, especially feeding, which is associated with cooking and camp fires, collecting kindling and carting water.

But in Britain's long wintry nights, the movement is not idle. All over the country, about half a million Boy Scouts organised into patrols of six boys within a troop of about 35 boys hold a weekly meeting indoors.

These meetings are still a mystery to many adults, so let us pay a visit to a typical meeting. As likely as not, you will stumble across a meeting in the most unlikely places; for instance, in the country district a disused barn or stable may serve as the troop's headquarters. In preference to the village hall, in a town, an old garage in a mews may be preferred to the local youth centre, which has to be shared with various youth movements. For the aim of the scout movement is to give every troop a place that it can call its own.

Noisy Period

WHEN the troop assembles on an evening, the boys group themselves around their own patrol leader, and one of the first items is a quick inspection where each boy undertakes to earn one shilling for their headquarters funds. The scheme received sympathetic publicity from the press, and was an

unqualified success. It was fun to mind babies, track down lost cats and runaway dogs, shop for the aged, and visit a police station to clean the buttons of a uniform. It was also a service rendered to the community in many different spheres. And the financial result will be continued for the next ten years.

Perhaps it would be more accurate to say that the next item on the programme will not work at all, but more serious, play like signalling, knotting, and first aid, in which a sound knowledge is required in order to pass the scout tests.

To add spice to these activities, an inventive scoutmaster will sometimes create a sudden emergency by asking a friend of the movement to burst into the meeting and pretend to throw a fit. The way each patrol handles the situation will be watched very carefully by the scoutmaster, and the good efforts and mistakes will be summarised at the end.

Three Elements

ALTERNATIVELY, the observation game known as Kim's Game, which is also a favourite at children's parties, will be played with variations, so that the scout's powers of observation are heightened for the outdoor pastime of stalking and tracking, as well as for the role of active citizenship.

Spinning yarns around a camp fire was introduced by the founder, Lord Baden-Powell, at the first camp-meet over 30 years ago, and met with such an enthusiastic reception that it has become traditional for scoutmasters to yarn about pioneering or a similar subject, before the troop meeting concludes with more games and prizes.

Boys and girls cannot outgrow the movement. The programme has been described

most aptly as the man's or woman's job cut down to boy's or girl's size. Without knowing it, they are being groomed for leadership inside and outside the movement.

During the summer months of

1949 more than 5,000 Boy Scouts from overseas countries

visited Britain, as well as several hundred Girl Guides. During the same period 3,007 Boy Scouts and 2,423 Girl Guides from Britain camped in a number of overseas countries. This re-forging of the international links which were broken by World War II is an outstanding contribution that is being made by the Boy Scout and Girl Guide organisations in Britain to the future peace and well-being of the world.



Summer Camp

EVERY scout troop aims at having ten days to a fortnight in camp in summer, apart from week-end camps. The thrill of practising nature-craft and woodlore never weakens from one generation to the next. The lure of being free to play vivid games like "Smugglers Over The Border" in real countryside, instead of having to imagine that a town school playground is a Wild West scene, is at the heart of the movement's success.

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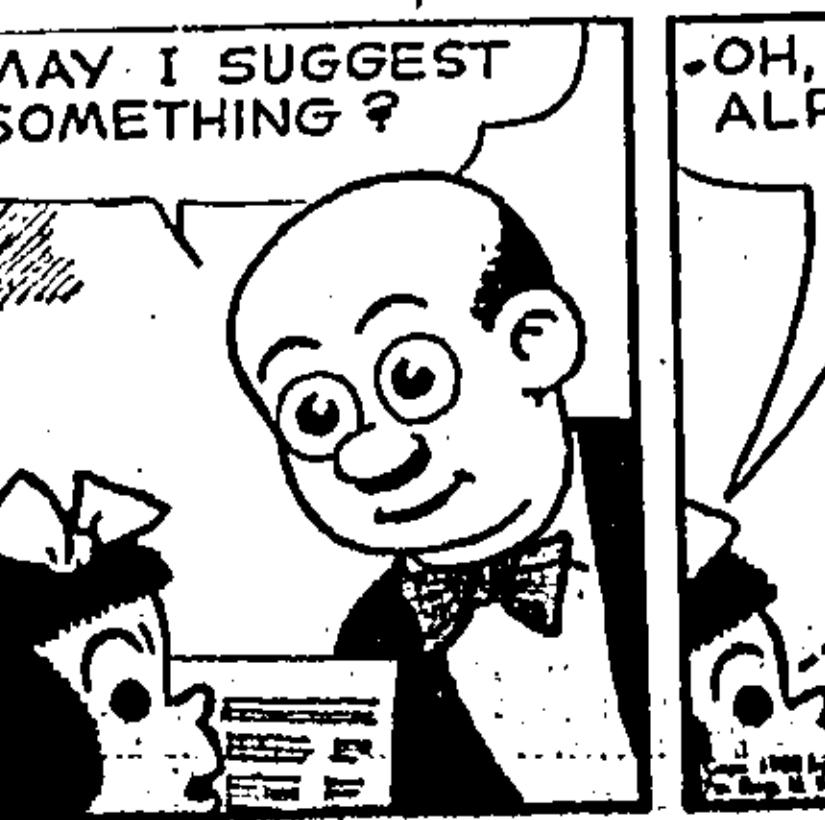
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Some of Britain's Boy Scouts in a camp near Cambridge. These lads are from the county of Surrey and are spending the summer holidays picking plums for a jam manufacturer, thus earning pocket money and funds for the movement. Here the boys are seen cooking vegetables on an outdoor fire built by themselves.



English Girl Guides spending their summer holiday in a camp. Camping begins in earnest at Easter and reaches its peak in August. Every Girl Guide is encouraged to spend ten days to a fortnight in such a camp once a year.

NANCY Eggs-actly



By ERNIE BUSHMILLER



Don't let this happen to you!
START USING
Fitch's
DANDRUFF REMOVER
SHAMPOO
"IDEAL" HAIR TONIC
On Sale at Leading Stores.

NAN KANG CO.

The Real Threat To Peace

Darwin, June 22. Russian Imperialism was the real threat to world peace, said the British philosopher and mathematician Bertram Russell, tonight. He has flown to Australia for a 10-week lecture tour.

Lord Russell said that the democratic way of life as exemplified by Western nations was gravely threatened by the emergence of positive nationalism in Asia and the East. People in Western Europe live in fear that Russia might sweep unimpeded over the whole West, he added.—Reuter.

CASTING VOTE DECIDES

Capetown, June 22. The first clause of the Nationalist Government's Anti-Communist Bill passed through the Senate Committee stage today with the aid of the Committee's chairman's casting vote and the deliberate vote of the Senate President.

The Government's Senate majority of one was eliminated by the illness of one Senator.

After four and a half hours' debate, the first clause of the Bill defining Communism was approved when the division was 19 votes for and 19 votes against, with the casting vote for the Government.

The President of the Senate entered the Chamber for the divisions to exercise his deliberate vote.

The Union's Communist Party announced its dissolution on Tuesday as the Assembly passed the Bill—officially the Suppression of Communism Bill—and sent it to the Senate.

It provides for a maximum of 10 years' imprisonment, empowers the Governor-General by proclamation to outlaw any other organisation which professed on or after May 5, 1950, to propagate the principles of Communism.

Individual Communists or members of any outlawed organisation may be debarred from being Members of Parliament, or the provincial councils or other bodies specified by the Minister of Justice.—Reuter.

India Throws Weight On Side Of Peace

NEHRU FACES TWO-HOUR QUESTIONING BY NEWSMEN

Rangoon, June 22.

Pandit Nehru, the Indian Prime Minister, gave a press conference here today. He said of the Burmese Premier, Thakin Nu "At any time and more especially at a time of difficulty and crisis, it is most important to have a man at the head of affairs who is well known to be perfectly straight, perfectly aboveboard and a person who would not give up his ideals for the sake of opportunism, and in Burma you have such a person as head of the Government."

Answering questions on a variety of subjects, including Marxist Communism in Southeast Asia, India's non-recognition of Bao Dai and nationalisation of industries, Pandit Nehru made the following points:

His work, "Glimpses Of World History," was not a Marxist analysis of history. Instead of indulging in academic discussions on abstract subjects like Socialism and Communism, it was better for nations to consider the facts before them and seek appropriate remedies, which will differ from area to area.

As regards nationalisation of industries, a country must give priority to the most urgent scheme within its financial and other resources. It might be done by expropriation or payment of compensation.

Expropriation, besides leading to conflicts which retarded the wealth-producing capacity of a nation, at least for the present, actually cost much more than paying reasonable compensation.

THIRD FORCE

Further, as in Germany, when two sections are in conflict, a third force, like the Hitler machine, might emerge.

Referring to freedom of the press in India, Pandit Nehru said that Britain would at some time in the reasonably near future have to relinquish control of Malaya.

"Colonialism. In Southeast Asia is dead or dying. Meanwhile the terrorist's campaign of violence was deplorable.

"It was unproductive and would prevent the thinking of future generations.

and wipe out the contending parties.

In India they had introduced a system of priority in respect of several projects they had under contemplation.

On Hyderabad, Pandit Nehru said that the police action there was as peaceful as a police action could be, and prevented large-scale violence going on there.

He condemned terrorism, and said that wherever Communism had opposed nationalism in Southeast Asia it had weakened itself, but where it went hand in hand with nationalism it had gained in strength.

As regards non-recognition by India of the Bao Dai Government, Pandit Nehru explained that India wanted to keep away from the internal conflict of Indo-China and thus throw whatever it had on the side of peace and not on the side of war.

NEXT WAR

He felt that the next war, when it came, would be so catastrophic that for generations the productive capacity of the world would go down completely and humanity would be brutalised as it had never been brutalised before.

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"It was unproductive and would prevent the thinking of future generations.

CHAOS THE RESULT

"India had demonstrated that to win freedom from the British it was not necessary to resort to violence," the Tribune asserted.

The Independent weekly, Time and Tide, declared that Pandit Nehru in a recent speech in Singapore as a disciple of Gandhi, the apostle of non-violence, expressed his detestation of Communist terrorism.

He went on from this to an analysis of the British position in Malaya. As an Asian nation, it was natural for Mr Nehru to offer some platitude on "moribund colonialism" and to express the conviction that one day the British would go.

"What required more courage and wisdom was his no less emphatic statement that if the British were to go now or soon, the only result would be chaos and catastrophe," the weekly said.—Reuter.

Watchdog Agency For Reduction Of Armaments

Lake Success, June 22.

The United States today formally proposed that the United Nations create an 11-nation watchdog agency to check on compliance with any future agreement on reduction of conventional or non-atomic arms and armed forces.

The new agency, composed of 11 Security Council members, would have extensive powers of inspection unhampered by any veto power. It would report promptly to the Security Council if any nation were discovered violating the disarmament pact.

The plan was put before the Soviet-balked UN Commission for Conventional Armaments by the American delegate, Mr Frank Nash. However, in view of the current state of East-West suspicion and mutual suspicion, the proposal appeared to make great efforts to meet Russia half-way on the problem of inspection.

ADVANCE NOTICE

In the detailed inspection powers of the proposed agency, the US blueprint stipulates, "It is further considered most desirable that practically all inspections will be scheduled in advance and that they will be identical in character for powers of similar strength."

This provision for advance scheduling sounded much like Soviet policy in the atomic field in which Russia offered to allow only inspection of specified plants at a stipulated period.

The American plan on atomic control, on the other hand, provides for much wider inspection powers for the control agency, empowering it to make surprise spot checks without advance warning. However, discussion of arms reduction generally has been stalled, not only on such key items as inspection, but on overall Soviet insistence that atomic control and conventional arms reduction must be planned and put into effect simultaneously.—United Press.

Atomic Power Stations Coming

Harwell, June 22. Britain's atomic scientists have made such progress into the use of nuclear power stations that definite programme of development and construction of atom power stations has been submitted for the Government's approval. This was stated here today by Dr Cockcroft, Director of the £50,000,000 Atomic Energy Research Station at Harwell, during a special tour by about 100 newsmen, 12 of them from overseas.—Reuter.

"Odette" Premiere



Mrs Odette Churchill (left) and film star Anna Neagle photographed on their arrival at the premiere of the film "Odette." The story of the film is Mrs Churchill's part in the fight for freedom in World War II. In the film, Anna Neagle takes Mrs Churchill's part. (Central Press).

Romulo Asks West To See Asia Through Asian Eyes

Cambridge, Massachusetts, June 22. General Carlos P. Romulo, Philippine Foreign Minister, appealed today for co-operation between the Eastern and Western Powers on the basis of equality and mutual respect as well as understanding of each other's problems.

He told the Harvard Alumni Association after receiving an honorary degree that the prime requisite for Western policy towards Asia is "to see Asia through Asian eyes."

He said: "You cannot prepare a policy mould for Europe and assume it will do for Asia too. Nor can you do one thing in Asia, then promptly cancel that by doing something else in Europe. There must be judicious adaptation of methods and parallel planning that will avoid confusion and waste."

He recalled that the Baguio conference agreed that any decisions made about the future of Asia and its peoples must consider the point of view of those themselves.

He said: "They claim this for themselves and as an inalienable right, and for the Western people it is a 'timely word of caution' which, if respected, 'will surely bring achievement of their own legitimate objectives.'

GOOD WORKS

Romulo said there has been a number of assumptions regarding Asia which should be put aside in the interests of better understanding, one being that the Asian peoples prefer the Western type democracy. He recalled that the Asian society has long rested on a "solid authoritarian base heavily overgrown with custom, tradition and ritual." He said the appeal of democracy "as we of the free world understand the term" is not by any means general in Asia, therefore "missionary zeal" with which its advantages are broadcast to Asia "must rest on faith plus something else—something than good works."

He said: "To peoples who have known little or no freedom for centuries and who lived uncouth ages in a state of poverty and hunger, the high ideals and polish which our propaganda has given, democracy can hold no special attractions. They will judge political and economic systems only in terms of having a concrete bearing on daily lives—first what they do with freedom movements among the still subject peoples; second what they are disposed to do help

to raise Asian living standards."

He asked the West to reconsider its tendency to consider "any nationalist movement in Asia as Communistic." He admitted that some unquestionably were Communist-led, but the "political sly and ruthless Communists" often took control from the "timid and confused liberals lacking prompt and effective support from their Western friends."

He said: "We lose battles this way by default, and will continue losing them until we cease condemning all these movements indiscriminately."

Romulo asked the Western world to take a hint from a new outlook in many Asian countries, namely, insistence not to take part in the cold war, not to be drawn into military alliances nor aggravate the present dangerous international tension. He said their desire to stand aloof stems "not so much from the distrust of two embattled sides as from the hope that their own peaceful inclinations and total disassociation from the explosive cold war issues may help to alleviate the situation and pave the way towards mutual accommodation and co-existence."

WAR THEATRE

He said that Asia could at a moment's notice become a theatre for war of annihilation, but could also provide "wisdom that will illuminate the road to enduring peace."

The citation accompanying Romulo's honorary doctorate of laws paid tribute to him as a writer, soldier and patriot. He fought in peace and war for his country's independence; President of that great Assembly on whose fate depends the future of the 20th century civilisation.—United Press.

Group Areas Act Termmed Fascist

London, June 22.

The Socialist weekly review, Tribune, commented on the South African Group Areas Act, today asked whether the British Commonwealth was not to be concerned when one of her partners introduced "frankly Fascist legislation."

"In the past it has been argued that whatever happens inside South Africa is her own business. Can the Commonwealth countries really remain silent in the face of what is happening inside the Commonwealth curtain?" the weekly asked.

The Tribune declared: "There are clear signs that, whatever the republics of the United Kingdom, India and Pakistan are not going to remain silent."

"Nehru's direct and brusque interference in Malaya is an indication of the vigour with which he intends to pursue his nationalistic policies, even though it might be extremely embarrassing and delicate for Commonwealth partners to disagree in public."

The weekly said that South Africa's Prime Minister, Dr Daniel Malan's, policies quite clearly "are no longer the concern only of the European electorate of the Union," the weekly added.

The Tribune observed that the Group Areas Act gave to the Minister of the Interior the right to divide the whole of South Africa into residential zones for its multi-racial society, and it gave him absolute powers over the disposal of all land rights in the Union.

"Even more staggering are the powers he seeks in the suppression of Communism. Bill which, in the guise of outlawing Communism, destroys every vestige of democratic principles in the Union," the weekly said.

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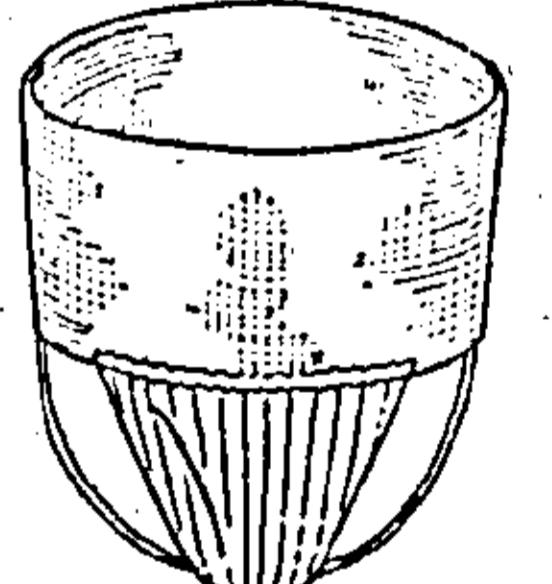
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BAUER & BLACK'S New Improved PAR Posture Supporter

You'll marvel at the support and comfort the new PAR Supporter will give you. Made of the finest materials available and by a maker whose ingenuity in developing fine elastic supports is unsurpassed.

1. Six inch, all-elastic, seamless waistband. 2. Patented attachment of pouch to waistband allows full lateral stretch. 3. New, unique leg-straps of tubular elastic—no crease, no roll—no curl. 4. New sliding loop attachment of legstraps to waistband—maximum comfort—proper tension in any position. 5. Soft, ample fly front pouch, tailored to fit, makes PAR also ideal for everyday wear.



Bidault Asks For Confidence Vote

Paris, June 22.

The French Prime Minister, M. Georges Bidault, tonight asked for a vote of confidence after the National Assembly had adopted, against Government opposition, a Socialist proposal for increasing the salaries of State employees.

Mediterranean Survey

Malta, June 22.

The British submarine Talent left today for a two months' survey of the bed of the Eastern Mediterranean to chart its undetermined contours and determine the structure of large rock masses under the bed itself.

A submarine was chosen for the survey work because it provides a stable platform for the operation of delicate instruments, far below the swell and surface motion of the sea. The findings will be important to navigation.—Reuter.

Sheffield Steel Strike

Sheffield, June 22.

Four thousand steelworkers were on strike here today because one man was suspended for taking a week's holiday without pay after being refused it by his management.

At a mass meeting today the strikers said that they would return to work when the suspended man is reinstated.—Reuter.

No need to be puzzled when you pick up cards like these. OSWALD JACOBY, the famous card authority and outstanding Bridge player, will show you the tricks of better bidding and brilliant playing in his new daily Bridge columns in "THE HONGKONG TELEGRAPH." On this hand, Jacoby says "three no trump."

Read JACOBY ON BRIDGE Regularly in "THE TELEGRAPH" Beginning Monday, June 26

SIDE GLANCES By Galbraith



"If we could just grow about a foot we could stop our dishwashing and baby-sitting and get basketball scholarships!"

WEEKES MISSED IN THE SLIPS



A dual dive by Trevor Bailey and Bill Edrich in the slips fails to hold Everton Weekes off Hollies on the second day of the First Test Match at Old Trafford.—Central Press Photo.

The Prophets Of Doom Foresee The End Of Village Cricket In About Five Years' Time SAYS BRUCE BLUNT

ALRESFORD, Hants. The lamp-post and the tree are the two traditional wickets on which Test cricketers were reared. It looks as though the lamp-post will soon be the only nursery left for the Comptons and the Bedders of the future. Cricket under the trees is dying out.

The prophets of doom foresee the end of village cricket in about five years' time. This may be exaggerated pessimism, but if the present death-rate of village clubs continues it will be very difficult to argue with these dismal seers.

Within a radius of five miles (cheapest in existence). There are 16 playing members, about ten supporters who pay 2s. 6d. or a little more, and a handful of local benefactors who still produce the annual guinea each.

Each batsman reached his highest score of the season, Rae collecting 179 runs before the stand was broken and Stollmeyer going on to 198 runs. He hit 10 fours in a stay of four hours and 40 minutes, giving one possible chance at 45 runs and might have been stumped at 140 runs.

Stollmeyer stayed for just on five and a half hours and hit 15 fours. He laboured under a handicap after 69 runs, when he was hit on the thumb and had to leave the field for attention. He had given a hard chance in the slips when 51 runs.

At the lunch interval, on the second day of the match, the tourists were 194 runs for no wickets in reply to the County's first innings total of 220 runs.

At the tea interval the West Indies had scored 404 runs for the loss of one wicket.

Earlier they established a new record for a West Indies first

THEY WON'T WORK

Educational experts have not yet realised that no one learns anything useful until after he has left school. So they might at least teach the boys cricket. It is, after all, a form of manners, a subject which is conspicuously absent from the modern school curriculum.

Even when the youngsters of today play cricket they are not very fond of working for it.

They raffle packets of cigarettes at 3d. a time. They sell a pack of cards in local pubs for 6d. a card. Then another pack is cut, and the fortunate buyer of the card exposed receives 10s. This, you will notice, leaves a profit of 10s. for the fund.

THE BIG HOUSE

One of the village clubs which came to an end this year has done so because the big house stands empty and its staff, which was the core of the team, has gone.

Many such houses are empty now, or have been turned into hotels for students or visitors. So earnest-minded players of the world now pace the field where the village blacksmith once hit his care-free sixes.

Then the coaches and buses carry modern youth to the seaside and the cinema. Oh, yes, a lot of them prefer the cinema to the cricket field even on sunny summer afternoons.

And one can hardly blame a generation which has had few opportunities of learning cricket.

Our large and much-vaulted secondary schools provide fields and sports equipment and lawnmowers, but very few teachers of cricket.

At some of them the boys are just left to break bats at casual practice, and when they leave

West Indians' Tour

RAE & STOHLMEYER MAKE RECORD STAND OF 355 FOR THE FIRST WICKET

Hove Sussex, June 22. A. F. Rae, the lefthander, and J. B. Stollmeyer, acting as captain of the side, established a record for any West Indies wicket in England when they ran up 355 runs for the first wicket against Sussex here today.

The West Indies were replying to the Sussex score of 220 and, batting for most of the day, they declared at 477 runs for three wickets. Then Sussex in about half an hour scored 21 runs without loss in the second venture.

That opening stand by the West Indies dominated the day for it occupied only four hours and 40 minutes and beat by five runs the third partnership of 350 runs by Weekes and Worrell against Cambridge University this season.

Each batsman reached his 210 runs of Challacombe and Tarlton against Notts 27 years ago. Only five runs were added after tea, when Worrell was caught at the wicket, a decision he did not seem to relish. Then Stollmeyer, playing forward, was bowled at 128 runs. He had batted for about five and a half hours, hitting 14 fours.

Trestrail and Walcott added the total to 477 runs before Stollmeyer declared. This left Sussex little more than half an hour's batting and their opening pair scored 21 runs without loss before stumps were drawn.

THE SCOREBOARD

SUSSEX	1st Innings	2nd Innings	Bowling
	220	not out	O M R W
Pierre	5	1	17
Worrell	6	4	3
Ramdhien	1	1	0
			Reuter.
Total (for no wicket)	21		

SUSSEX	1st Innings	2nd Innings	Bowling
	220	not out	O M R W
Rae, lbw, b. C. Oakes	179		
Stollmeyer, b. J. James	198		
Worrell, c. Griffith, b. Corn-			
ford			31
Trestrail, not out			20
Walcott, not out			16
Extras			Reuter.
Total (for 3 declared)	477		

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Extras			Reuter.
Total (for 3 declared)	477		

Wickets fell: 1-355, 2-409

FOR YOUR SPARE MOMENTS

McKENNEY ON BRIDGE

Declarer Can Often Read Defence Plan

Defensive Plays—Neither vul.
South West North East
1♦ 1♦ 1♥ 1♦ 1♦
4♦ Pass Pass Pass
Opening—♦ 10 31

By WILLIAM E. MCKENNEY

"THE best-laid plans o' mice an' men gang aft ayley," said Robert Burns. A good defensive player must lay out a plan of attack, but sometimes his line of attack is so well laid out that it can be read by the declarer.

Then all the defence can get is "E" for effort.

Against the four-heart contract on today's hand East opened the top of his partner's suit, the ten of diamonds. Declarer played low from dummy and West let the ten hold the trick.

Each knew that his partner held the ace, king and queen of diamonds. He could see the ace, king and queen of spades, the ace-queen of hearts and ace-queen of clubs. Therefore all North could have to justify his free-heart bid with the king of hearts and king of clubs.

East decided to cash his ace of spades to make sure of it, then he led the seven of diamonds, which West won with the queen. Now West started to analyse the hand. He thought, "My partner says we haven't got another spade trick. I can see that we won't win a club trick. The only chance I have to defend the contract is to establish the jack of hearts."

So West boldly played the king of diamonds. Realising what his partner was attempting to do, East trumped with the nine of hearts, forcing North to overtrump in dummy with the queen. The ace of hearts was cashed and the five-spot led. West put on the seven. Should North go up with the king or play the ten?

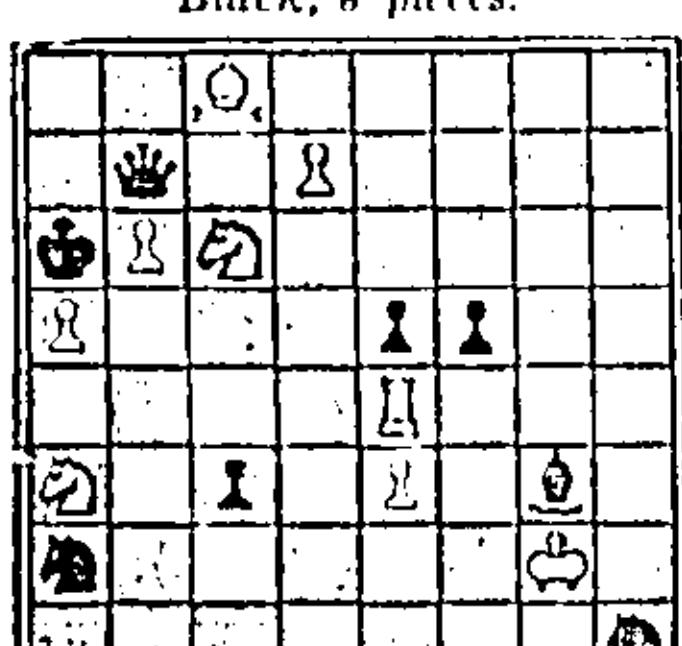
If north guessed wrong and went up with the king of hearts, hoping to drop the jack, he would lose the contract. But West's fine strategy should give him a tip as to what was going on. West had deliberately led the king of diamonds and East had trumped with the nine of hearts, obviously hoping to establish a trump trick for his partner.

So the smart declarer would defeat the well-laid plans of the defence by finessing the ten-spot and making the contract. Just the same, I think we must give West a hand for effort for a fine defensive play.

CHESS PROBLEM

By M. WROBEL

Black, 8 pieces.



White, 9 pieces.
White to play and mate in three.

Solution to yesterday's problem:

1, B-B1, any; 2, Q, R, B, or Kt mates.

INTELLIGENCE TEST

The postman was baffled

By T. O. HARE
JOE DIXON, who lives in the village of Much Humble, had invited his girl friend, Cissie, to meet him in town to receive a Christmas postcard, and—well aware that old George Snipe, the postman, was a bit dim-witted, lay his hands on—couched her reply in cryptic form:

"Don't you know that the square of nine is eight?" Up with the aqua of eight, you learn your fate!

GSN JVOW WDTK BFKIN—Can you send Charlie my message?"

(Solution on Page 8)

DUMB-BELLS REGISTERED U.S. PATENT OFFICE



UNUSUAL RANGES

A bomb reveals the Middle Ages

By PAUL KUTSCHE

It's an ill-named bomb see the Roman Wall, hidden from sight since the Great Fire of 1666, and for centuries before that.

If you know your archeology, you can detect the clay foundations of Roman timber dwellings or the stone remains of a medieval town house.

Just north of St Paul's Cathedral, in the heart of the City of London, you can now

see the Roman Wall, hidden from sight since the Great Fire of 1666, and for centuries before that.

If you know your archeology, you can detect the clay foundations of Roman timber dwellings or the stone remains of a medieval town house.

At 7.30 on the evening of Dec. 29, 1949, the sirens blared in clear sound, and city business men sighed with relief in their suburban houses, content that the city must have come off easily.

Those who travelled up to town the morning of the 30th started with disbelief, for 20 to 30 acres of tinderbox Victorian buildings between St Paul's and Cripplegate Church were flattened to the ground. A few thousand fire bombs had accomplished the worst damage in a single raid during the war.

Section Still Flat

More than four years later, that section of the city is still flat. Only the streets, wandering amid the rubble, have been repaired.

Archaeologists can now trace the Roman Wall boundary of ancient London. Including two or three round defence towers. They have discovered clay foundations in which lived the poorer inhabitants of a city which flourished during the time of Christ.

The Middle Ages used the same wall, and a skillful scholar can show where Roman construction left off and Norman began. Medieval stonemasons often used bits of red Roman tile, still visible here and there in the bastions.

Cripplegate Church, built in the late 14th century, where Oliver Cromwell was married and John Milton buried, is being rebuilt. Bow Church, within sound of whose bells one must be born to be a Cockney, stands ghost-like at the south end of the area. Its famous bells crashed to the ground during the raid.

To find what the stars have in store for tomorrow, select your birthday star and read the corresponding paragraph. Let your birthday star be your daily guide.

SATURDAY, JUNE 24

CANCER (June 23-July 23)—Cultivate the right attitude to day and you may achieve your goal. Friends are now important.

LEO (July 24-Aug. 23)—Morning hours are the most productive ones. Healthful recreation outdoors is suggested to analyse the hand.

VIRGO (Aug. 24-Sept. 22)—A routine day. Don't try to swim against the tide. Just keep your head above water.

TAURUS (Apr. 21-May 21)—Hold to important routine this morning. When afternoon comes, handle some important matters.

SCORPIO (Oct. 24-Nov. 22)—Avoid arguments. Be as tactful and conciliatory as you can. Best prospects are this morning.

SAGITTARIUS (Nov. 23-Dec. 22)—Promote a new idea this morning. Advertising ideas should be well received by the public.

CAPRICORN (Dec. 23-Jan. 20)—If planning a journey, early morning is the best time for you to set out.

AQUARIUS (Jan. 21-Feb. 19)—Conditions may be rather

complicated and other people temperamental. Be calm yourself.

FISCHES (Feb. 20-Mar. 21)—Take care of important matters this morning. Not the best day for romance; so be tactful.

ARIES (Mar. 22-Apr. 20)—A routine day. Don't try to swim against the tide. Just keep your head above water.

LIBRA (Sept. 23-Oct. 22)—Hold to important routine this morning. When afternoon comes, handle some important matters.

GEMINI (May 22-June 22)—Visionary plans are good to have, but being practical today is really the best idea.

SATURDAY, JUNE 24

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Point Four Can Lead To Better Era

Washington, June 22.

Mr Capus Waynick, who is director of President Truman's "Point Four" programme, said today this plan to aid under-developed areas of the world can show the way to a new era of intelligent political and economic co-operation among the free nations.

In it, he said, "everybody pays his own way and nobody has to rely on international gifts for relief."

Mr Waynick's explanation coincided with a speech the Secretary of State, Mr Dean Acheson, made to Governors of the 48 states, in which he said the purpose of "Point Four" was "to help to create a climate in the world in which we and our children will be able to live in peace and well-being."

Mr Acheson said one result would be to strengthen resistance to all kinds of extremes, including Communism.

Mr Waynick is a veteran newspaper publisher as well as a diplomat. He has an enthusiasm for his new job and a deep belief in its possibilities.

In an interview with the United Press he said: "There have been many complaints lately, both in Congress and elsewhere, about the steady drain put on United States taxpayers by our various aid programmes around the world. I think Point Four can help people of less fortunate countries to produce more goods and sell them. Gifts will not be necessary. They will have the buying power of their own."

Conress has yet to complete action on the \$35,000,000 appropriation requested for Point Four's first year of operation. But Mr Waynick expressed confidence that the money will be forthcoming and that people of other nations who receive assistance under the programme, as well as the United States people who pay for it, will get value received.

OBJECTIVES

He thought the fundamental objectives of Point Four can be more simply described than the complicated phrase "technical assistance to under-developed areas" peoples.

"You put a steel bar in a person's hands in place of his pointed stick, and you show him how to use it. The hoe does not cost much but it makes a big difference in that man's life. He works twice as much as he did before, and in half the time raises more products and sells them for more money. Then he sends the money to buy something else, something made in the United States."

That, according to Mr Waynick, is the practical side of the story. He thinks there is another side less tangible but equally important.

He said: "You will recall that during the depression years many of our people were temporarily out of work through no fault of their own. That unemployment was not just hard on their pocketbooks. It was hard on their spirit and their morale."

BETTER CITIZENS

Mr Waynick continued: "But when they were put back to work and began making a living from their productivity, they became different people. They regained self-confidence, a sense of importance in the scheme of things, and they became better citizens."

Mr Waynick thought this can be just as true for the families of the poorer nations in South America, Africa and Asia. He contended that with United States technicians to supply the skills of modern science and production, the people of the under-developed parts of the world can provide themselves and others with new foods, new medicines and luxuries that make life more worth while.

He is aware that the "Point Four" may be criticized by people who think that in developing the output of other countries the United States may deprive itself of markets. But he thinks the programme can have just the opposite effect.

NEW CUSTOMERS

He said: "Increasing production and helping to raise the living standards of other peoples will expand markets, not contract them. We are entering an era when great industrial nations such as the United States, Britain, France and Germany must compete increasingly for customers. We must create new ones—promote expansion for these markets. And the way to do that is to give other people a chance to create purchasing power by making and selling goods of their own."

Finally, Mr Waynick thinks the Point Four programme can become a powerful weapon in the struggle of the democracies against Communism. He pointed out that Communism has traditionally had its best success among poverty-stricken peoples who feel strongly that they are not getting their just share of the material advantages of the modern world.

Mr Waynick thinks: "The Communists give these people the false idea that by over-

Aomori-Tokyo In Record Time



Two pigeons owned by Hiroshi Someya, a dentist in Tokyo, flew non-stop from Aomori, a distance of about 100 miles, in record time to win the carrier pigeons race, with a prize of 30,000 yen and a silver cup. The 37-year-old dentist is happily displaying his pets. (Acme)

Magicians Meet



At a joint convention in Chicago, Harlan Tarbell, left, President of the Society of American Magicians, impales cards on a sword after they had been tossed into the air by Russ Walsh. More than 1,000 magicians attended the four-day convention in the Windy City. (Acme)

FAKIR OF IPI SAID ACTIVE

Kabul, June 22.

The Fakir of Ipi, militant tribal leader and stormy petrel of the Northwest Frontier, is actively directing the Pushtunistan movement in Waziristan and the surrounding tribal areas, according to tribal chieftains now visiting Kabul.

Pushtunistan is the name given to the independent State of Pushtuni-speaking Pathans demanded by some Northwest Frontier tribes.

SERETSE SETTLES WITH UNCLE

Johannesburg, June 22.

The Johannesburg Star reported today that Seretse Khuma, exiled chief of the Bamangwato tribe, and his uncle, the former Regent, Tshkedi Khuma, have settled a dispute involving more than 10,000 cattle.

They said that a "parallel government" was already functioning in Waziristan and that the movement was finding increased support from various tribal peoples in the disputed area.

Claiming to be close associates of the Fakir of Ipi, the chieftains are now in Kabul seeking fresh support for their movement.

Their leader said: "We are not out to create trouble for anyone. We ask for nothing but right to live as free men. We demand nothing but our right of self-determination."—Reuter.

The paper added that Tshkedi still refused to see Ruth Khoma, Seretse's London-born wife, who is now in Lobat with Seretse and their baby.—Reuter.

SPEAKERS WASTE TOO MUCH TIME AT ILO SESSION

Geneva, June 22. Mr Anthony Fennema, the Dutch employers' delegate, told the International Labour Organisation here today that the Asian nations were tending to consider themselves the "forgotten men" of the Organisation.

"It is imperative that delegates do not come to our meetings and simply ask or say: 'What can the ILO do about raising the standards of the living of the people?'" he said.

"You should rather come as responsible members of this Organisation and direct the line the ILO should take in achieving these objectives. The ILO does not live, work or function separately or apart from you. It is you," he added.

Mr Fennema added that far too much time was wasted on the large numbers of speakers which left no time to read the various reports.

Mr Anwar, the Pakistan Government delegate, said that despite a great influx of refugees during 1949 there had been no food shortages in Pakistan.

Prices generally, he said, were down and there had been also an appreciable fall in the price of foodstuffs.

WAGES STADY

Wages remained steady, and at the same time unemployment had not been high.

Mr Anwar said that the question of increased productivity was directly linked with the proper distribution of increased production between various countries and regions. "There is a marked tendency among some countries today to restrict imports and increase exports in order to avoid an adverse trade balance," he declared.

"This tendency, if permitted, is likely to disturb the economic equilibrium of the world," he continued.

It is therefore essential that side by side with the desirability of a proper distribution of increased production, we should also insist on a proper distribution of the increased commodities between the various countries of the world, so that maximum benefits should accrue from increased production."

Mr Anwar said that the Pakistan Government has prepared an ambitious programme for industrial and agricultural expansion under a five-year plan.—Reuter.

OUTCOME OF WAR

Lieutenant-General Alexander Sukhomlin, writing in Izvestia, denounced "Anglo-American falsifiers of war history who claim Field Marshal Viscount Montgomery's victories in Africa constituted the turning point and the Anglo-American landings on Normandy decided the outcome of the war."

Gorovoy cited, as evidence, the Ardennes offensive which might have been catastrophic for the Anglo-Americans if the Red Army had not saved the situation.

Marshal Lenod Gorovoy, in an article in the Red Star, stated the Normandy operations in 1944 occurred only when the Anglo-Americans became convinced the Soviet Union was not weakening and was capably and single-handedly knocking out death.

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